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chlamydia:

a common sexually transmitted
infection caused by bacteria of the
genus chlamydia

CHLAMYDIA

Chlamydia is the most frequently reported bacterial sexually transmitted disease (STI) in the United States. The bacteria can be transmitted during vaginal, anal, or oral sex.

CHLAMYDIA IS KNOWN AS THE “SILENT” DISEASE BECAUSE THE MAJORITY OF INFECTED PEOPLE HAVE NO SYMPTOMS.

If left untreated chlamydial infections can progress to serious reproductive and other health problems with short-term and long-term consequences. 10-15% of women with untreated chlamydia develop pelvic inflammatory disease (PID). PID can cause permanent damage to a woman’s reproductive organs and cause chronic pain, infertility and ectopic (tubal) pregnancy.

REMEMBER:

Any sexually active person can be infected with chlamydia. If you are sexually active talk to your doctor about getting tested for chlamydia. Testing is easy and fast, using an urine or swab test.

Chlamydia can be easily treated with antibiotics. Antibiotics can stop the infection, but they can’t repair damage that has already been done. It’s important to get treatment as early as possible. For more information please visit:

iknowmine.org